

**The insect repellent *N,N*-diethyl-*m*-toluamide (DEET) induces angiogenesis via
allosteric modulation of M3 muscarinic receptor in endothelial cells**

Samuel Legeay¹, Nicolas Clere¹, Grégory Hilairet¹, Quoc-Tuan Do², Philippe Bernard², Jean-François Quignard³, Véronique Apare-Marchais⁴, Bruno Lapièd⁴, Sébastien Faure¹.

¹Inserm U1063 - Stress oxydant et pathologies métaboliques, LUNAM Université, Angers, France

²GreenPharma S.A.S. 3 allée du titane, 45100 Orléans, France.

³Inserm U1045 - Centre de Recherche Cardio-Thoracique de Bordeaux, Université de Bordeaux, France.

⁴Laboratoire des Récepteurs et Canaux Ioniques Membranaires (RCIM), UPRES-EA 2647, USC INRA 1330, Angers, France.

Address for correspondence:

Sébastien Faure, PharmD, PhD

UMR INSERM 1063 – Université d’Angers

Institut de biologie en santé

Rue des Capucins

49045 Angers Cedex

France

[sebastien.faure@univ-angers.fr](mailto:sbastien.faure@univ-angers.fr)

Tel: +33 2 41 22 67 40

Supplementary data

Figure S1. DEET does not modify proliferation of B16F10 melanoma cell line

CyQUANT® assay reveals that both concentrations of DEET (10^{-8} M and 10^{-5} M) do not increase proliferation of B16F10 cell line. Results are expressed at mean \pm SEM ; * $p< 0.05$ compared to control (Kruskal-Wallis with Dunn's multiple comparison test).

Figure S2. DEET does not induce neither cytotoxicity nor apoptosis in HUVEC

(a) *In vitro* cell viability was assessed by colorimetric analysis of MTT reduction after a treatment with 10^{-8} M or 10^{-5} M DEET for 24 h. (b) Flow cytometric DNA content histograms (fluorescence in arbitrary units, AU) of HUVEC exposed to 10^{-8} or 10^{-5} M DEET for 24 h, show that DEET does not induce apoptosis. Actinomycin D (10^{-6} M) was used as positive control. * $p<0.05$; ** $p<0.01$ compared to control (Kruskal-Wallis with Dunn's multiple comparison test).

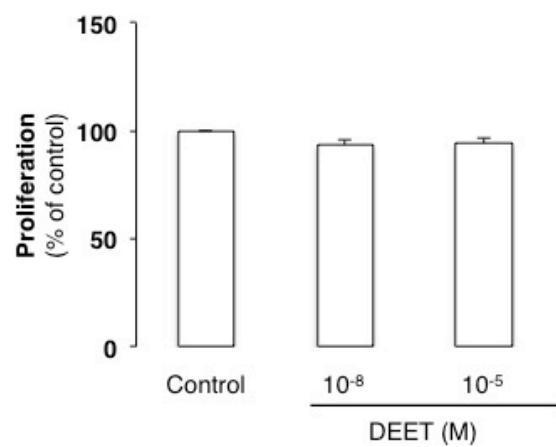
Figure S3. In vitro capillary formation at increasing concentrations of DEET

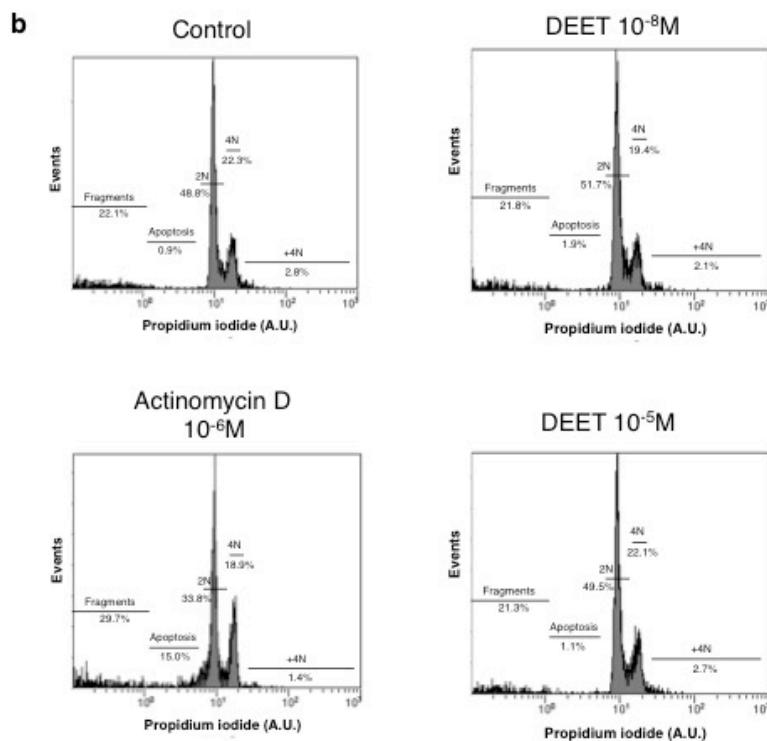
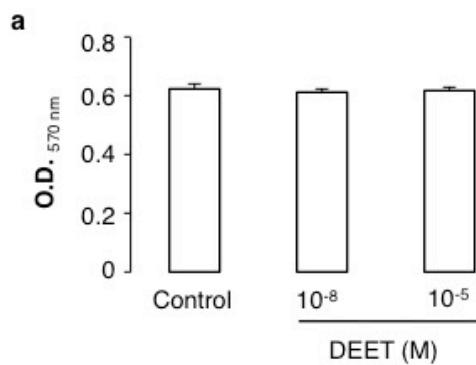
HUVEC were cultured on ECMgel® and treated for 24h with concentrations ranging from 10^{-14} M to 10^{-5} M DEET. 10^{-8} M DEET allows reaching the plateau of capillaries formation. Reproducible data are obtained from five to six independent experiments. * $p<0.05$; *** $p<0.001$ compared to control (Kruskal-Wallis with Dunn's multiple comparison test).

Figure S4. Sequence alignment of rat and human M3 receptor

Supplemental data

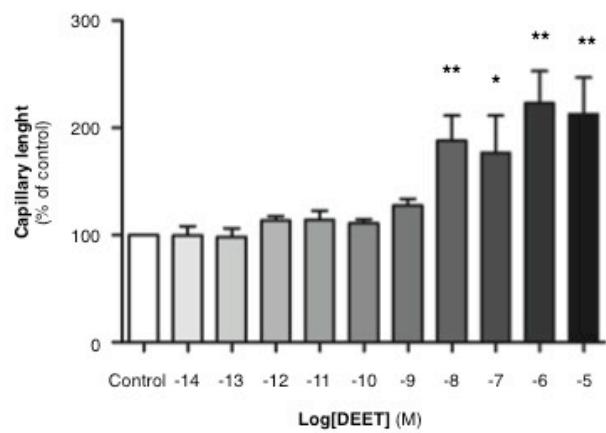
Figure S1



Supplemental data**Figure S2**

Supplemental data

Figure S3



Supplemental data

Figure S4

ACM3_HUMAN	MTLHNNSTTSPLFNISSSWIHSPSDAGLPPGTVTHFGSYNVSRAGNFSSPDGTTD DPL
ACM3_RAT	MTLHSNSTTSPLFNISSSWVHSPSEAGLPLGTVTQLGSYNI SQETGNFSSND-TSSDPL
Prim.cons.	MTLH2NSTTSPLFNISSSW2HSPS2AGLP2GTVT22GSYN2S222GNFSS2DGT22DPL
	70 80 90 100 110 120
ACM3_HUMAN	GGHTIVAQVVI IAFLTCILRLVLTIIGNILVIVSEKVNKQLKTVNNYFLLSLACADLIIGVI
ACM3_RAT	GGHTI WQVVI A FLTCILRLVLTIIGNILVIVSEKVNKQLKTVNNYFLLSLACADLIIGVI
Prim.cons.	GGHT2WQVVI A FLTG2LALVTLIGNILVIV2FKVNKQLKTVNNYFLLSLACADLIIGVI
	130 140 150 160 170 180
ACM3_HUMAN	SMNLFTTYII IMNRWALGNLJACDLWL1IDYVASNAVMNLLVISFDRYFSITRPLTYRAKR
ACM3_RAT	SMNLFTTYII IMNRWALGNLJACDLWL1IDYVASNAVMNLLVISFDRYFSITRPLTYRAKR
Prim.cons.	SMNLFTTYII MNRWALGNLJACDLWL1IDYVASNAVMNLLVISFDRYFSITRPLTYRAKR
	190 200 210 220 230 240
ACM3_HUMAN	TTKRA GVMIGLAWVISFVLA P AILFWQYFVGKRTVPPGECFIQFLSEPTITFGTAIAAF
ACM3_RAT	TTKRA GVMIGLAWVISFVLA P AILFWQYFVGKRTVPPGECFIQFLSEPTITFGTAIAAF
Prim.cons.	TTKRAGVMIGLAWVISFVLA P AILFWQYFVGKRTVPPGECFIQFLSEPTITFGTAIAAF
	250 260 270 280 290 300
ACM3_HUMAN	YMPVT IMTILYWRKYKETEKRTKELAGLQASGTEAETENFVHPTGSSRSCSSYEIQQQSM
ACM3_RAT	YMPVT IMTILYWRKYKETEKRTKELAGLQASGTEAEEENFVHPTGSSRSCSSYEIQQQGV
Prim.cons.	YMPVTIMTILYWRKYKETEKRTKELAGLQASGTEAE2ENFVHPTGSSRSCSSYEIQQQ22
	310 320 330 340 350 360
ACM3_HUMAN	KRSNRRKYGRCHFWFTTKSWKPSSEQMDQDHSSSDSWNNNDAASLENSASSDEEDIGSE
ACM3_RAT	KRSRKKYGRCHFWFTTKSWKPSAEQMDQDHSSSDSWNNNDAASLENSASSDEEDIGSE
Prim.cons.	KRS2RRKYGRCHFWFTTKSWKPS2EQMDQDHSSSDSWNNNDAASLENSASSDEEDIGSE
	370 380 390 400 410 420
ACM3_HUMAN	TRAIYSIVLKLPGHSTILNSTKLPSSDNLQVPEEELGMVDLERKADKLQAQKSVDGGSF
ACM3_RAT	TRAIYSIVLKLPGHS1LNSTKLPSSDNLQVSNE D LGTVDVERNAHKLQAQKSMDGGNC
Prim.cons.	TRAIYSIVLKLPGHS2ILNSTKLPSSDNLQV22E2LG2VD2ER2A2KLQAQKS22DG22
	430 440 450 460 470 480
ACM3_HUMAN	PKGSFSKLPPIQLESAVDTARTSDVNSSVGKSTATLPLSFKEATLAKRFALKTRSQTIKRK
ACM3_RAT	QKDFTKLPIQLESAVDTGKTS T NSSADKTATLPLSFKEATLAKRFALKTRSQTIKRK
Prim.cons.	2K2F2KLPIQLESAVDT2KTS T 2NS22K2TATLPLSFKEATLAKRFALKTRSQTIKRK
	490 500 510 520 530 540
ACM3_HUMAN	MSLVKEKKA Q TLISAILLKEIITWTPYNNMVLVNTFCDCSICP T WNLGYWLCYINSTVN
ACM3_RAT	MSL I KEKKA Q TLISAILL A PIITWTPYNNMVLVNTFCDCSICP T WNLGYWLCYINSTVN
Prim.cons.	MSL2KEKKA Q TLISAILI F ITWTPYNNMVLVNTFCDCSICP K 2WNLGYWLCYINSTVN
	550 560 570 580 590
ACM3_HUMAN	PVCYALCNKTFR TTFKM LLCQCDK KKRRQQYQQRQS V IFHKR A PEQAL
ACM3_RAT	PVCYALCNKTFR TTFKTLLCQCDK R KKRQQYQQRQS V IFHKR V PEQAL
Prim.cons.	PVCYALCNKTFR TF FK2LLL CQCDK 2KRRQQYQQRQS V IFHKR2PEQAL

Alignment data :

Alignment length : 590

Identity (*) : 541 is 91.69 %

Strongly similar (:) : 26 is 4.41 %

Weakly similar (.) : 15 is 2.54 %

Different : 8 is 1.36 %

Sequence 0001 : ACM3_HUMAN (590 residues).

Sequence 0002 : ACM3_RAT (589 residues).